

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1898.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF RAIL-
ROADS.

A proposition is being discussed in the east to have the government purchase and own the railroads of the country. The advocates of the measure allege that the money stringency has affected transportation to such an extent that the receipts of many roads have fallen off fully one-third per cent and some of them have been placed in the hands of a receiver. The greater part of the stock of these roads is held in New England and the loss in dividends and threatened ruin is rapidly changing sentiment in that section in favor of government ownership of railroads as well as for free coinage of silver.

It is proposed for the national government to issue bonds for all the just indebtedness of the roads, which is estimated at two-thirds of their value, and issue legal tender or silver notes for the other third. It is claimed that the issuance of treasury or silver notes would afford immediate financial relief and inaugurate a period of prosperity unparalleled in the history of the world.

George F. Washburn of Boston, who is an earnest advocate of Populist principles, favors government control of railroads. The roads need not all be purchased at once, but gradually, so that the issuance of treasury or silver notes would not cause any great shock in the money market. He claims that the plan would not antagonize existing railroad interests and if the government owned all railroads west of the Mississippi they would be distributive rather than competitive to eastern roads. They could be used to move crops at cost and in this way develop the western country and stimulate trade.

The Populists, who favor government ownership of railroads, will doubtless have the matter brought before congress in the shape of a bill. At the present time there will not be such opposition to the scheme as there would have been some years ago. The subsidized roads owe the government about all that they are worth and more than it would cost to duplicate them. According to the statements made by railroad officials, the Central Pacific can be built from the foothills of the Sierra across the desert and up the Humboldt valley at an average cost of \$9,000 per mile. The Union Pacific, except where it crosses the Rocky mountains, could be duplicated for less. The government is responsible for the payment of bonds issued to construct these roads to the extent of \$16,000 per mile in the valleys, \$32,000 per mile in the foothills and \$18,000 per mile in the mountains and pay the interest due on them and also redeem first mortgage bonds for equal amounts per mile before it can own them. That will make it rather expensive to the government, but as the government means in reality the people, if it owned the roads it would carry freight and passengers at cost and in that way the people would be benefited.

It has been charged, and everything indicated that the charge is well founded, that the railroads control the government and to a change it might be advisable to have the government own the roads, as they could then do the transportation business of the country at actual cost, as the state of New York, which owns the canals, does in that state. This would insure cheap rates and enable producers in the interior to get their supplies from and transport their products to the seaboard at actual cost. There is no objection to government ownership of railroads, however, and that is the party in power when the change is made could perpetuate that power, as every railroad official would, like the present federal officials, use their influence and their votes in its favor. This objection might be overcome to a great extent by extending the civil service regulations to railroads so that, perhaps, on the whole the country would be benefited by having the government, which is now controlled by the railroads, own the railroads.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST SILVER.
They Meet in Caucus and Adopt Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—A caucus composed exclusively of free coinage members of congress, presided over by Culberson of Texas, adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we will support a bill repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act concurrently providing for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, with full legal tender quality, on such ratio as will provide and maintain a parity between gold and silver; be it further

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed by the chairman of this conference to draft and introduce such bill and take proper steps to secure a full and free discussion and consideration thereon, and a vote of the house upon the bill and all proper amendments.

The committee appointed in conformity with the resolutions consists of Bland, Sibley, Boatner, Lane, Bankhead, Bryan and Baile. Culberson, as chairman of the committee, was afterwards added.

Gold Coming.
New York, August 8.—The engagements of gold for the steamers to-day and Saturday aggregate \$1,500,000, making \$5,000,000 on the way to this country. All admit that more money is needed

by the country. There are stacks of silver bullion in the treasury that could be coined to relieve the stringency and the dollars into which this bullion could be manufactured are in demand.

It has been alleged that there is a conspiracy to completely demonetize silver and the course of the treasury department in suspending silver coinage and not resuming it when silver coins are in demand and the treasury cannot supply that demand indicates that the allegation is well founded.

It looks very much as if all the real silver men in both houses of congress who place free coinage above party and defy the caucus mandates of the gold men, intended to unite and make a determined fight for silver. Bland, Bryant, Bowers, Culberson and others seem to favor such a union, and it will probably result in the organization of a national silver party. Bland says there will be many a scalp taken by the people before the fight is over.

BRITISH COMMENTS.

The Opinions of English News papers Concerning the Message

FREE COINAGE CONGRESSMEN

Home Comments on the Message—Gold Coming.

BRITISH COMMENTS.

The Gold Press Command It.

LONDON, August 9.—In firmness of tone and uncompromising thoroughness of policy, Cleveland's message will fully meet the expectations of the country. Chaplin's and Balfour's arguments are practically answered from the other side of the Atlantic. The president lets the fanatics down easily, suggesting that although perhaps a larger place claimed for silver in the world's currency may be brought about by general international co-operation, the United States will not gain a hearing whilst trying to bring about the result single-handed.—*Daily News*.

President Cleveland's message is a very striking document and goes straight to the spot of disquiet or stagnation existing in America. Assuming the repeal of the Sherman act, it is perhaps as well in the interest of financial stability everywhere that a disastrous experience has been gained.—*Daily Telegraph*.

Cleveland's plea for the repeal of the Sherman act is virtually unanswerable. The question whether the stoppage of monthly silver purchases would immediately end the crisis is not easy to answer. We are not inclined to reply off-hand in the affirmative. If the American people show as much faith in their currency when the watering ceases as they did in the first two years of silver purchases, the effect of the repealing of the Sherman act may be immediate. There is more reason for such faith now than three years ago.—*Financial News*.

If international bimetallism had been brought about, the reason is that the balance of advantage or disadvantage is dead against it. An agreement to keep up a fixed ratio between the two metals would certainly do much mischief. The latest chapter of transatlantic currency trickery may be read in Cleveland's message. Therein he sets forth in terms of substantial accuracy, of which it cannot be contested, the confusion into which an indefinite substitution of hoarded silver always depreciating in value, for the comparatively stable gold coinage has involved all the transactions of which credit is the element.

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Home Comments on the Message.
CHICAGO, August 9.—The *Times* says: While the president makes a well-argued plea practically for monometallism he seems to forget entirely the Democratic party which pledged itself to maintain bimetallism.

DENVER, August 9.—The *Rocky Mountain News*: The line is drawn. On one side is Grover Cleveland and all the power of his administration to force the country at whatever cost to a gold standard. On the other are the people with all their interests, struggling to restore the bimetallic standard, and thus save themselves and their country from utter business ruin. What he says will have no weight with intelligent and unbiased men, and will meet the approval of those only whose interests lie in the impoverishment of the masses of the country for the enrichment of classes, foreign and American, that own money and are therefore advantaged by lessening values of all the other classes of the world.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Senator Stewart says the president's message is an un-American document. The Arkansas river has again flooded Pueblo, Colorado. The lower part of the city was submerged.

Washouts in New Mexico caused by heavy rains have almost caused a suspension of railroad travel and damaged roads to a considerable extent.

Charges of corruption in the selection of the San Francisco postoffice site are made by Congressman Bankhead. He believes the sellers as well as the purchasers are implicated in the fraud.

Governor Osborne has decided not to

fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator Beckwith until the senate decides whether a senator appointed after the legislature fails to elect is entitled to a seat.

No business of importance was transacted in either house of congress yesterday. The day was devoted to caucusing. The senate Democratic caucus adjourned without adopting a line of policy. There is a wide difference of opinion on the silver question and the senate will probably adjourn until Monday.

The advocates of free coinage held a caucus in Washington. Only members who favored absolute remonetization were admitted to the council. To the suggestion that some silver men would not attend the caucus for the reason that they did not want to thereby seem separate themselves from their respective parties, Bland responded that it was not expected that much aid or comfort was to be derived from those who had not the courage of their convictions. Only one Republican, Bowers of California, attended.

COCONA CREAM

Is the latest and best of all toilet creams, to render the skin soft, white and beautiful without injury to it. It is excellent for sunburn and to remove every trace of acne and other skin diseases. Every lady should have a bottle and it may be had of Wm. Pinniger, druggist.

Congressmen favorable to silver say the president's message and his letter of acceptance do not jibe. The letter is much more favorable to silver than the message. An excerpt from the letter of acceptance is being circulated among congressmen. In his letter of acceptance the president said: "Both gold and silver can be safely utilized upon equal terms in the adjustment of our currency."

DIED.

JOHNSON—In Reno, Nevada, August 8, 1898, Howard Spencer, only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Johnson, a native of San Francisco, Cal., aged 6 years and 5 months.

AGUAYO—In Reno, August 9, 1898, Madalina, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Aguayo, aged 1 year and 6 months.

The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the family residence, corner of Third and Lake streets.

COOK—In Reno, August 9, 1898, Captain John Cook, aged 7 years, 3 months and 20 days.

The funeral will take place from the Baptist church, Friday, August 11th, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

(Humboldt county papers please copy.)

FOR CONSTIPATION

Ayer's Pills

For Dyspepsia

Ayer's Pills

For Biliousness

Ayer's Pills

For Sick Headache

Ayer's Pills

For Liver Complaint

Ayer's Pills

For Jaundice

Ayer's Pills

For Loss of Appetite

Ayer's Pills

For Rheumatism

Ayer's Pills

For Colds

Ayer's Pills

For Fevers

Ayer's Pills

For Every Dose Effective

Cleveland

Can declare against silver, but he cannot prevent E. C. Wilts from selling goods below cost. Best grade Sacramento flour, \$2.65 per 100 pounds; granulated sugar, 12½¢ per lb.; six cans table groceries, \$1; five glass jars of dried preserves, \$1. Other articles proportionately cheap.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

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NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.
FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK
Delivered by Carrier.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1893.

BREVITIES.

Dr. Fee was reported better last evening.

L. L. Crockett came down from Lakeview last evening.

R. C. Wills is selling groceries at bed-rock prices for cash. See what he says.

Plumbing, tinning and pipe work neat and cheap at Lange & Schmitt's.

H. F. Pavola and daughter leave this morning for Lake Tahoe, for a weeks recreation.

Rev. Mr. Magill of the Congregational Church has gone to the mountains on a vacation.

To invigorate the system after illness, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is highly recommended.

Sensible.—An old sea captain writes to J. C. Ayer & Co., that he never goes to sea without a supply of Ayer's Pills.

G. W. Tavener of Lovelock, who has been to San Francisco having his eyes treated, arrived yesterday on his way home.

County Treasurer Sanford of Churchill took five children of the late Joseph Snider to the Orphans' home yesterday.

The Appeal says \$400,000 in gold coin left Carson Tuesday evening in charge of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messenger for New York.

Garden hose, lawn mowers, ice cream freezers and refrigerators at cost, to close them out with the season, at Lange & Schmitt's.

Cattle shipping has commenced at Winnemucca. The first shipment was made last Tuesday by R. T. Evans to Hoggs & Co., Oakland.

If you want a good fitting pair of boots or shoes—no scab work from strangers—go to H. F. Pavola, who is reliable and no stranger.

J. B. Timblin found a package on the street yesterday, evidently dropped by a lady, which the owner can have by calling at the JOURNAL office.

It is Dr. Roff now. Nate has charge of the asylum now. Since he has diagnosed Dr. Taquin's case correctly his services have been in demand.

M. T. Coats, who has been here on a visit to his family, has returned to Bishop Creek, Cal., to resume charge of the flour mill at that place.

Miss Katie O'Farrell, who, with her parents, moved from the Comstock to Montana a few years ago, died at Anaconda in that state last Friday of heart disease.

Clarence Sharon arrived from Virginia city yesterday by private conveyance to meet his son George and some relatives who returned from the world's fair.

In running drain tunnel to the Northern Belle mine in Devils Gate district below Virginia City an eighteen inch vein of quartz assaying from \$52 to \$500 a ton was cut.

A plot of ground 75 by 100 feet, on the corner of Fifth avenue and Eighty first street in New York, has been sold to August Belmont for \$255,000, or at the rate of \$38 a square foot.

Silver advanced to 75 cents an ounce in New York yesterday. There is a heavy demand for silver in China to move the tea crop and the price has advanced in London in consequence.

If you wish to be shaved by an artist call at the Comfort tonorial parlors. None but the best workmen can find employment there. Hot and cold baths in connection with the shop.

The merry-go-around opposite the Palace hotel will run every evening beginning at 5 o'clock; 5 cents a ride. Everybody tries it. No accidents.

Aug 10th J. G. Sturtevant, proprietor.

Harry Bethune, the notorious foot-racer, with whom many Renoites are familiar, ran a 100-yard race at Lyons, Iowa, yesterday, beating T. C. Morris by a yard and a half. Time, 9 1/2 seconds.

In Milwaukee an old couple took fright the other day and drew their savings—a few thousand dollars—from the bank. Since then one of them has set up all of every night guarding the money.

Sheriff Douglass of Nevada county, Cal., has issued a proclamation ordering all gamblers to leave Nevada City and Grass valley within forty-eight hours under penalty of arrest for vagrancy.

Berry & Novacovich's delivery wagon drove up to the JOURNAL office yesterday forenoon and two large watermelons were left with the compliments of the firm. The JOURNAL force extends thanks for the kind remembrance.

A gentleman residing on West street on his way home at a late hour discovered in the dry grass and leaves in front of the residence of H. L. Fish a lighted cigarette, which had evidently been cast aside by some thoughtless person a few moments before. When discovered the dry grass and leaves had just begun to take fire.

Captain Frank Cook, an old citizen of Washoe county died yesterday after a lingering illness. Captain Cook came to this county in early days. For several years past he spent much of his time in Humboldt county, where, as here he had many friends. He leaves a widow and one son to mourn the loss of a husband and father.

SILVER RENAISSANCE.

A Nevada Lady Speaks for the Debased Metal.

EDITOR NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.—Permit me, through the columns of your able journal, to express a few ideas on the all-absorbing theme of to-day, silver renaissance. The remonetization of silver is a problem that should enlist woman's thoughts as well as those of man. There has been no age in the history of our glorious republic that demands the co-operation of energy and intelligence as much as the present. Now is the acceptable time for the fulfillment of the "golden prophecy" of woman's advancement, if we wish ourselves and succeeding generations to enjoy the benefits of the great political millennium. Woman's intent in the economic and industrial progress of the human family is identical with that of man. If man is elevated, she enjoys her pro rata of the advantage; if he becomes poverty-stricken and crowded out of his progressive course in life, she has to suffer the disadvantage. Therefore, can the women of the "Great Silver West" any longer afford to be idealized as a household pet, or luxuriant darling and silver down to seventy? No, she must by her practical co-operation in all problems that concern the welfare of the commonwealth prove herself the real help meet of the present century in general, and the silver problem in particular. Since silver, and all that is requisite in transforming it to a metallic condition, is the natural resource of the Silver West, we should consider the utilization of this beneficence to human intelligence and human comforts part and parcel of the divine plan of world progress.

A review of the growth and power of woman's intelligent influence makes us appreciate the effect on national character in this, or previous ages.

By the mighty power of the pen revolutions have been consummated, kingdoms and even empires subverted, and the course of civilization, enlightenment and industrial progress turned into new and more expanding channels.

The mighty power of the pen effected the much needed reforms in England's national and religious life during the 15th and 16th centuries. The mighty power of the pen made possible the French revolution; and the last, though far from being least, the influence of a single book, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, (from the pen of a philanthropic woman) upon the destiny of our country cannot be over-estimated.

It certainly hastened the public mind to the conclusion that slavery must be abolished—though it does seem that by wisdom and legislation the bitter struggle might have been avoided and the beneficent result effected by less unfraternal means.

This enunciates the parallel problem in our politics of to-day. The negro, by wise legislative enactment, was declared a free citizen in '65, and the free citizens of the Great Silver West (in particular) by the clandestine legislation which demonetized silver in '73, was enslaved, in a financial point of view. This may be strong language for a woman to employ, but who can honestly claim that the omission of the silver dollar from the statute was not a legislative crime either by commission or omission.

If it were the latter, why do the monometalists so persistently oppose the correction thereof. Their attitude proves conclusively that if they were not cognizant with the original plot, they evidently became stockholders and directors of the result, and, as a matter of course, are determined to perpetuate their investment.

Viewed from any standpoint, their intent was covertly to change the money standard of the world, and they have thereby committed a crime against the people of the world that has no precedent.

Economists tell us, from nothing, perhaps, has mankind in all ages suffered so much as from bad or adverse monetary regulations.

Stability in money is the first thing to be desired; and the greatest possible stability has been attained when valuation rests on two metals—gold and silver—instead of either separately, because the valuation of any commodity rests on the law of supply and demand.

Geologists are agreed that the future supply of gold from the mines is necessarily a limited and waning one, but the supply of silver is more to be depended upon. This hypothesis proves that by the divine economy of things silver should be equal with gold as a medium of exchange. Hence silver advocates only ask an inherent right when they ask for the restoration of silver to that standard which for so many years has been accepted as the settled policy of the world.

Glancing far back into the history of the human family we learn that silver was the medium of exchange among the ancient Egyptians and Israelites, gold being used for ornaments; but as they progressed they found it necessary to adopt both silver and gold, because of their similarity in quality and indissolubility, they termed them the "precious metals."

The ethics that caused Washington, Jefferson and Hamilton to vest the money volume on two metals rather than on one are as potent to-day as when the constitution was framed.

In consideration of these facts, shall the women of Nevada silently submit to the oppression cast upon us by clandestine legislation? No, no! no! Let us prove our fidelity to the motto of our battle-born state, *Vote at once by the people, by the people, for the people, by the people, to make congress realize that we, too, are not only able and willing, but determined to defend our inherent rights, "the home and the flag."* Hoping to hear from others soon, I am respectfully,

Mrs. J. R. WILLIAMSON,
Austin, Nevada.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SOLID NEVADA.

A Goldbug Paper Says a Word in Its Praise.

Nevada prides herself on the fact that not a failure has occurred in the State during the present depression.

Some eastern newspapers which are in the habit of demanding the division of Nevada among the neighboring states and territories, may argue that there is nothing there to fail. In that they would be wrong. There has been no boom in Nevada for a long time, and business is down to bedrock, but there is still something doing there. As a silver producer Nevada might naturally have been expected to suffer extremely from the present depression of that metal, but she has other resources. Her grazing and agricultural resources are not insignificant, and are capable of expansion by means of irrigation. Just now her miners are turning up good gold prospects in many localities. It is also a fact to her credit that with all her hard times of late years, Nevada has always made her own living and paid her bills, besides paying the best wages in the United States.

THE COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

The Matter to be Decided To-Day.

The competitive examination for the West Point cadets was concluded last evening. All passed the physical examination. Questions that would puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer or a mathematical prodigy were propounded to the young men by the commission.

All seemed satisfied that the examination was impartially conducted and that no favoritism was shown. The commission will decide to-day between the contestants and award the certificate. It is probable that some of the teachers and professors will be invited to be present and examine the papers.

THE STATE FAIR.

The ninth annual fair of the Nedaay State Agricultural Society will be held at the fair grounds, Reno, from September 18th to 23rd inclusive. The society will, as usual, endeavor to make it a success in every particular.

The purses and premiums will be as liberal as heretofore, and it is greatly to be hoped that the general public will assist in making the display what it should be. Nevada produces cereals, fruits, hay and vegetables that cannot be excelled. Its horses, as has been proved by those of Mr. Winters and others in many contests, are, if not superior, at least equal to the best.

The ladies excel in handwork, and taken all in all the fair ought to be up to the average in every respect, and the management will endeavor to make it so.

GOOD FOR NEW YORK.

The V. & T. train brought down from the Carson mint last evening a large shipment of gold. The exact amount could not be ascertained. It was all packed in boxes and on each plainly marked \$40,000, and by counting the boxes the reporter figured up \$1,600,000. This gold goes to New York. The treasure was guarded by four shot-gun messengers, and it was said by the train men that there were a number of other guards in the crowd as ordinary passengers.

NEW ENGLAND DINNER.

The Ladies' Aid society will serve a New England dinner, and ice cream in the basement of the New Congregational church, this (Thursday) afternoon, from 4 to 7 o'clock, at 25 cents. All are cordially invited.

NOTICE.

The members of the camp fire committee of the O. M. Mitchell Post, No. 69, will meet at Dr. Mullen's office on Wednesday night, August 9th, at 7:30 o'clock. A. A. EVANS, Chairman.

Dr. C. J. MULLEN, Secretary.

Cholera morbus, the *Silver State* says, is quite prevalent at Winnemucca.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition.

If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded.

We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at S. J. Hodgkinson's drug store. Large size 50c and \$1.

Model 32, Band Brake, Elliptical or Round gear. \$155.00

Model 31, Band Brake, Elliptical or Round gear. \$155.00

Model 30, Relay, 1 1/2 pound Roadster. \$155.00

Elliptical or Round gear. \$155.00

Model 29, Ladies' Wheel, cushion tire. \$15.00

Model 28, Ladies' Wheel, pneumatic tire. \$15.00

Model 27, Gent's Wheel, cushion tire. \$15.00

Model 26, Gent's Wheel, pneumatic tire. \$15.00

Columbia Racer, 20 pounds. \$100.00

Hartford cycles, with Columbia Pneumatic tire, Ladies' or Gent's. \$100.00

Western Wheel Works line. \$80.00

Overland 1 1/2 wheel, cushion tire. \$90.00

Overland 1 1/2 wheel, pneumatic tire. \$100.00

The New Columbia Inner Tube Tire Furnished With all Columbia Wheels When Desired.

Model 29, WILSON & LEWERS, Agents for Nevada. Send for catalogue.

DIXON BROTHERS.

W. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHERS.

Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal,

Sausage Constantly on Hand.

HAM, BACON AND DRIED BEEF.

SAOUP—Corner Commercial Row and Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.

A share of the public patronage solicited.

T. K. HYMERS,

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

TO LET.

And Horse Boarded by the Day, Week or month to Terms to Suit the Times.

I have also a large hay yard with good stables. Also corals well watered for loose stock. HEARSE TO LET.

Commercial Row opposite Railroad Depot

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the County Clerk's office up to 10 o'clock Monday, August 7, 1893, for printing and binding in pamphlet form of the *Journal* for the next year, to be bound in half-bound leather, with three blank pages to be bound at back of the pamphlet.

Such bids to be per page, the type to be used to be specified.

For particulars as to work required call at the County Clerk's office.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

O. EVANS, Clerk.

RENO, July 17, 1893.

M. J. CURTIS,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

RENO, NEVADA.

Plans Furnished and Estimates Given.

“German Syrup”

For Coughs & Colds.

John F. Jones, Edom, Tex., writes: I have used German Syrup for the past six years, for Sore Throat, Cough, Colds, Pains in the Chest and Lungs, and let me say to anyone wanting such a medicine—German Syrup is the best.

B. W. Baldwin, Carnesville, Tenn., writes: I have used your German Syrup in my family, and find it the best medicine I ever tried for coughs and colds. I recommend it to everyone for these troubles.

R. Schmalhausen, Druggist, of Charleston, Ill., writes: After trying scores of prescriptions and preparations I had on my files and shelves, without relief for a very severe cold, which had settled on my lungs, I tried your German Syrup. It gave me immediate relief and permanent cure.

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T. K. STEWART.

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As Good as a Seashore Cottage.
“Are you going to the seashore this summer?” Jones asked of Brown. “Not exactly,” said Brown, “but we’re going to accomplish the same result without going from home at all.” “What do you mean?” “Why, it’s this way. You see, when a person of my means takes a cottage at the seashore he or course gets a poor sort of shanty, because we can’t afford a large, finely finished and well furnished house. You know the sort of place the usual summer cottage is. Well, we’re decided to accomplish the result in another way. We’re going to move up into the attic for the summer.” “Move into the attic?” “Why, certainly. It is unfinished, just like a seashore cottage. The sun beats down on the shingles and raises the temperature above 100 degrees every sunny summer day. That’s just like a seashore cottage. There isn’t by any means room enough in it for our large family, and that’s like a seashore cottage too.

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